

**ADAPTER A-16** 

# **Thickness Summary**

Component Identifier	Material	Diameter (in)	Length (in)	Nominal t	Design t (in)	Total Corrosion (in)	Joint E	Load
Cylinder #1	SA-240 304	60 ID	2	0.25	0.0774	0	0.70	External
Bolted Cover #1	SA-240 304	68.25 OD	1.5	1.5*	0.9798	0	1.00	External

Nominal t: Vessel wall nominal thickness

Design t: Required vessel thickness due to governing loading + corrosion

Joint E: Longitudinal seam joint efficiency

Head minimum thickness after forming

Load

internal: Circumferential stress due to internal pressure governs

external: External pressure governs

Wind: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + wind governs

Seismic: Combined longitudinal stress of pressure + weight + seismic governs

#### **Bolted Cover #1**

#### ASME Section VIII Division 1, 2007 Edition, A09 Addenda

Component:

**Bolted Cover** 

Material specification:

SA-240 304 (II-D p. 90, In. 4)

Impact test exempt per UHA-51(g)(coincident ratio = 0.02978)

Internal design pressure: P = 1 psi @ 302 °F External design pressure: P = 15 psi @ 302 °F

#### Static liquid head:

P<sub>th</sub> = 2.17 psi (SG=1.0000, H<sub>s</sub>=60", Horizontal test head)

Corrosion allowance:

Inner C = 0"

Outer C = 0"

Design MDMT = -20 °F Rated MDMT = -320 °F No impact test performed Material is not normalized

Material is not produced to Fine Grain Practice

PWHT is not performed

Radiography:

Category A joints -

Seamless No RT

Estimated weight:

New = 840.6 lb

corr = 840.6 lb

Head diameter, d

= 63.5"

"O-RING" GASKET DIAM.)

Cover thickness, t

Gasket groove depth = 0"

#### Design thickness, (at 302 °F) UG-34 (c)(2), flange operating

```
t = d^*Sqr(C^*P \ / \ (S^*E) \ + \ 1.9^*W^*h_G \ / \ (S^*E^*d^3)) \ + \ Corrosion
= 63.5*Sqr(0.3*1 / (18,900*1) + 1.9*3,165.32*1.375 / (18,900*1*63.5³)) + 0
= 0.2663 in
```

#### Design thickness, (at 70 °F) UG-34 (c)(2), gasket seating

```
t = d*Sqr(1.9*W*h_G / (S*E*d^3)) + Corrosion
= 63.5*Sqr(1.9*120,141.6*1.375 / (20,000*1*63.5^3)) + 0
= 0.4971 in
```

#### Maximum allowable working pressure, (at 302 °F)

```
P = (S*E / C)*((t / d)^2 - (1.9*W*h_G / (S*E*d^3))) - P_s
= (18,900*1/0.3)*((1.5/63.5)^2 - (1.9*100,458.9*1.375/(18,900*1*63.5^3))) - 0
= 31.74 psi
```

## Design thickness for external pressure, (at 302 °F) U-2(g)

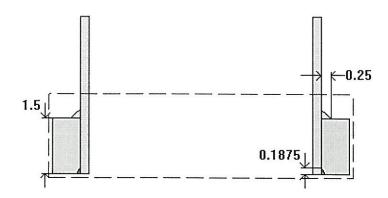
```
t = d*Sqr(C*P_a / (S*E)) + Corrosion
= 63.5*Sqr(0.3*15 / (18,900*1)) + 0
= 0.9798 in
```

#### Maximum allowable external pressure, (At 302 °F) U-2(q)

$$P_a = (S*E / C)*(t / d)^2$$
  
= (18,900\*1 / 0.3)\*(1.5 / 63.5)<sup>2</sup>

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 $t_{w(lower)} = 0.1875 \text{ in}$  $Leg_{41} = 0.25 \text{ in}$ 



Note: round inside edges per UG-76(c)

Located on: Bolted Cover #1

Liquid static head included: 0 psi

Nozzle material specification: SA-240 304 (II-D p. 90, In. 4)

Nozzle longitudinal joint efficiency: 1 Nozzle orientation: 0° Local vessel minimum thickness: 1.5 in Nozzle inside diameter, new: 44 in Nozzle nominal wall thickness: 0.25 in Nozzle corrosion allowance: 0 in Projection available outside vessel, Lpr: 13.81 in Projection available outside vessel to flange face, Lf: 16.31 in Distance to head center, R: 0 in

# Reinforcement Calculations for External Pressure

UG-39 Area Calculation Summary (in²)  For Pe = 15 psi @ 302 °F  The opening is adequately reinforced								-45  • Wall ness nary  •)  • ozzle UG-45
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A								t <sub>min</sub>
21.5563	23.1412	<u>22.8875</u>	0.1912			0.0625	0.097	0.25

	UG-41 Weld Failure Path Analysis Summary (lb <sub>f</sub> ) All failure paths are stronger than the applicable weld loads									
Weld load W	Weld load W <sub>1-1</sub>	Path 1-1 strength	Weld load W <sub>2-2</sub>	Path 2-2 strength						
-20,244.82	4,794.93	391,733.81	18.969.93	345,142.13						

<b>UW-16 Weld Sizing Summary</b>							
Weld description	Required weld size (in)	Actual weld size (in)	Status				
Nozzle to shell fillet (Leg <sub>41</sub> )	0.175	0.175	weld size is adequate				
Nozzle to shell groove (Lower)	0.175	0.1875	weld size is adequate				

Calculations for external pressure 15 psi @ 302 °F

Parallel Limits of reinforcement per UG-40

$$L_R$$
 = MAX(d,  $R_n + (t_n - C_n) + (t - C))$   
= MAX(44, 22 + (0.25 - 0) + (1.5 - 0))  
= 44 in

Outer Normal Limits of reinforcement per UG-40

$$\begin{array}{lll} \mathsf{L_H} & = & \mathsf{MIN}(2.5^*(\mathsf{t} - \mathsf{C}), \, 2.5^*(\mathsf{t_n} - \mathsf{C_n}) + \mathsf{t_e}) \\ & = & \mathsf{MIN}(2.5^*(1.5 - 0), \, 2.5^*(0.25 - 0) + 0) \\ & = & 0.625 \ \mathsf{in} \end{array}$$

Nozzle required thickness per UG-28  $t_{rn}$  = 0.097 in

From UG-34 required thickness  $t_r = 0.9798$  in

Area required per UG-39

```
Allowable stresses: S_n = 18,900, S_v = 18,900 psi
```

$$f_{r1}$$
 = lesser of 1 or  $S_n/S_v = 1$   
 $f_{r2}$  = lesser of 1 or  $S_n/S_v = 1$ 

$$A = 0.5*(d*t_r*F + 2*t_n*t_r*F*(1 - f_{r1}))$$

- = 0.5\*(44\*0.9798\*1 + 2\*0.25\*0.9798\*1\*(1 1))
- = 21.5563 in<sup>2</sup>

## Area available from FIG. UG-37.1

 $A_1$  = larger of the following= 22.8875 in<sup>2</sup>

$$= d^*(E_1^*t - F^*t_r) - 2^*t_n^*(E_1^*t - F^*t_r)^*(1 - f_{r1})$$

- = 44\*(1\*1.5 1\*0.9798) 2\*0.25\*(1\*1.5 1\*0.9798)\*(1 1)
- = 22.8875 in<sup>2</sup>
- $= 2*(t + t_n)*(E_1*t F*t_r) 2*t_n*(E_1*t F*t_r)*(1 f_{r_1})$
- = 2\*(1.5 + 0.25)\*(1\*1.5 1\*0.9798) 2\*0.25\*(1\*1.5 1\*0.9798)\*(1 1)
- = 1.8206 in<sup>2</sup>

 $A_2$  = smaller of the following= 0.1912 in<sup>2</sup>

$$=$$
 5\*(t<sub>n</sub> - t<sub>rn</sub>)\*f<sub>r2</sub>\*t

- = 5\*(0.25 0.097)\*1\*1.5
- = 1.1472 in<sup>2</sup>
- = 5\*(t<sub>n</sub> t<sub>rn</sub>)\*f<sub>r2</sub>\*t<sub>n</sub>
- = 5\*(0.25 0.097)\*1\*0.25
- $= 0.1912 in^2$

$$A_{41} = Leg^{2*}f_{r2}$$

- = 0.25<sup>2</sup>\*1
- $= 0.0625 \text{ in}^2$

Area = 
$$A_1 + A_2 + A_{41}$$

- = 22.8875 + 0.1912 + 0.0625
- = 23.1412 in<sup>2</sup>

As Area >= A the reinforcement is adequate.

## UW-16(d) Weld Check

 $\begin{array}{l} t_{\text{min}} = \text{lesser of } 0.75 \text{ or } t_{\text{n}} \text{ or } t = 0.25 \text{ in} \\ t_{1(\text{min})} \text{ or } t_{2(\text{min})} = \text{lesser of } 0.25 \text{ or } 0.7^* t_{\text{min}} = \underline{0.175} \text{ in} \\ t_{1(\text{actual})} = 0.7^* \text{Leg} = 0.7^* 0.25 = 0.175 \text{ in} \\ \text{The weld size } t_{1} \text{ is satisfactory.} \\ t_{2(\text{actual})} = 0.1875 \text{ in} \\ \text{The weld size } t_{2} \text{ is satisfactory.} \end{array}$ 

$$t_1 + t_2 = 0.3625 >= 1.25 t_{min}$$

The combined weld sizes for t<sub>1</sub> and t<sub>2</sub> are satisfactory.

## UG-45 Nozzle Neck Thickness Check (Access Opening)

Wall thickness req'd per UG-45(a):  $t_{r1} = 0.097$  in Wall thickness per UG-16(b):  $t_{r3} = 0.0625$  in

Available nozzle wall thickness new,  $t_n = 0.25$  in

The nozzle neck thickness is adequate.

#### Allowable stresses in joints UG-45(c) and UW-15(c)

Groove weld in tension: 0.74\*18,900 = 13,986 psi Nozzle wall in shear: 0.7\*18,900 = 13,230 psi Inner fillet weld in shear: 0.49\*18,900 = 9,261 psi

## Strength of welded joints:

- (1) Inner fillet weld in shear  $(\pi/2)$ \*Nozzle OD\*Leg\*S<sub>i</sub> =  $(\pi/2)$ \*44.5\*0.25\*9,261 = 161,836.98 lb<sub>i</sub>
- (3) Nozzle wall in shear  $(\pi/2)^*$ Mean nozzle dia\* $t_n^*$ S $_n = (\pi/2)^*$ 44.25\*0.25\*13,230 = 229,896.84 lb $_f$
- (4) Groove weld in tension ( $\pi/2$ )\*Nozzle OD\*t<sub>w</sub>\*S<sub>g</sub> = ( $\pi/2$ )\*44.5\*0.1875\*13,986 = 183,305.16 lb<sub>f</sub>

#### Loading on welds per UG-41(b)(1)

$$W = (A - A_1 + 2^*t_n^*f_{r1}^*(E_1^*t - F^*t_r))^*S_v$$
  
= (21.5563 - 22.8875 + 2\*0.25\*1\*(1\*1.5 - 1\*0.9798))\*18,900  
=  $\frac{-20.244.82}{10}$  lb<sub>1</sub>

$$W_{1-1} = (A_2 + A_5 + A_{41} + A_{42})^* S_v$$
  
= (0.1912 + 0 + 0.0625 + 0)\*18,900  
= 4,794.93 |b<sub>1</sub>

$$W_{2-2} = (A_2 + A_3 + A_{41} + A_{43} + 2^*t_n^*t^*f_{r1})^*S_v$$

$$= (0.1912 + 0 + 0.0625 + 0 + 2^*0.25^*1.5^*1)^*18,900$$

$$= 18,969.93 \text{ lb}_t$$

Load for path 1-1 lesser of W or  $W_{1-1} = -20244.82 \text{ lb}_1$ Path 1-1 through (1) & (3) = 161,837 + 229,896.8 =  $391.733.81 \text{ lb}_1$ Path 1-1 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

Load for path 2-2 lesser of W or  $W_{2-2}$  = -20244.82 lb<sub>1</sub> Path 2-2 through (1), (4) = 161,837 + 183,305.2 =  $\underline{345,142.13}$  lb<sub>1</sub>

# Path 2-2 is stronger than W so it is acceptable per UG-41(b)(2).

# External Pressure, (Corroded & at 302 °F) UG-28(c)

# Design thickness for external pressure $P_a = 15 \text{ psi}$

$$t_a = t + Corrosion = 0.097 + 0 = 0.097$$
"

# **Weight Summary**

		Weight ( lb) Contributed by Vessel Elements							
Component	Metal New*	Metal Corroded*	Insulation & Supports	Lining	Piping + Liquid	Operating Liquid	Test Liquid	Area ft <sup>2</sup>	
Cylinder #1	27.4	27.4	0	0	0	0	247.5	3	
Bolted Cover #1	840.6	840.6	0	0	0	0	926.4	16	
TOTAL:	868	868	0	0	0	0	1,173.9	18	

<sup>\*</sup> Shells with attached nozzles have weight reduced by material cut out for opening.

Component	Weight ( lb) Contributed by Attachments									
	Body Flanges		Nozzles & Flanges		Packed Beds	Trays & Supports	Rings & Clips	Vertical Loads	Surface Area	
	New	Corroded	New	Corroded						
Cylinder #1	542.2	542.2	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	
Bolted Cover #1	0	0	667.2	667.2	0	0	0	0	23	
TOTAL:	542.2	542.2	667.2	667.2	0	0	0	0	23	

Vessel operating weight, Corroded: 2,077 lb
Vessel operating weight, New: 2,077 lb
Vessel empty weight, Corroded: 2,077 lb
Vessel empty weight, New: 2,077 lb
Vessel test weight, New: 3,251 lb
Vessel surface area: 42 ft²

## Vessel center of gravity location - from datum - lift condition

Vessel Lift Weight, New: 2,077 lb Center of Gravity: -4.1752"

# **Vessel Capacity**

Vessel Capacity\*\* (New): 24 US gal Vessel Capacity\*\* (Corroded): 24 US gal

<sup>\*\*</sup>The vessel capacity does not include volume of nozzle, piping or other attachments.