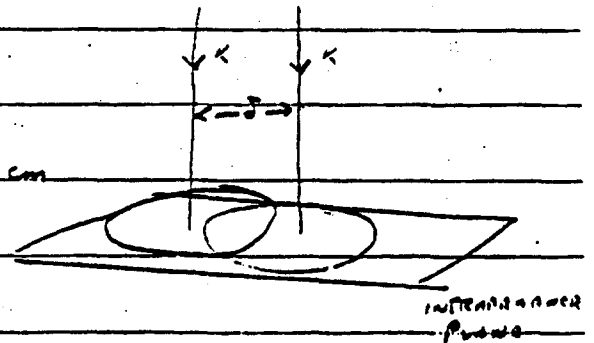


SUMMARY OF CONTRAST CHANGES AS A FUNCTION OF MISALIGNMENT OF TWO GAUSSIAN BEAMS IN THE TEM<sub>00</sub> MODE

by R. Weiss  
(received 03/14/89, EWF)

1) TWO BEAMS WITH EQUAL  $\omega$ ,  $K$ ,  $E(z)$ ,  $R(z)$  DISPLACED BY A DISTANCE  $\delta$

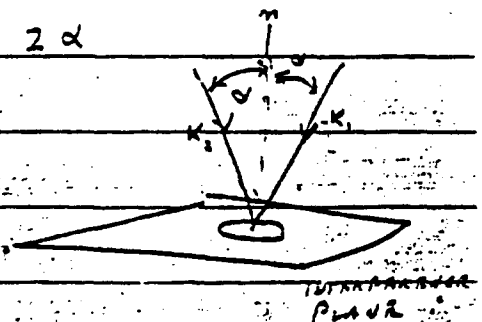
$$C = e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\delta^2}{\omega^2(z)}} e^{-\frac{1}{8} \left( \frac{K \delta \omega(z)}{R(z)} \right)^2}$$



For 1%  $\frac{\delta}{\omega(z)} \leq 8.2 \times 10^{-2}$  For 1%  $\frac{K \delta \omega(z)}{R(z)} \leq 2.36 \times 10^{-6}$  cm  
 $R \neq \infty$   
 $\lambda = \frac{1}{2} \mu$

2) TWO BEAMS WITH EQUAL  $\omega$ ,  $E(z)$ ,  $R(z)$  BUT  $\hat{k}$  COMING TOGETHER AT  $z$  AT AN ANGLE  $2\alpha$

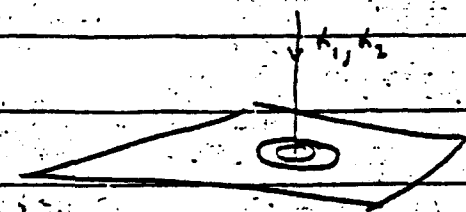
$$C = e^{-\frac{(K \alpha \omega(z))^2}{2}}$$



For 1%  $\alpha \omega(z) \leq 1.13 \times 10^{-6}$  cm radian  
 $\lambda = \frac{1}{2} \mu$

3) TWO BEAMS COMING TOGETHER WITH EQUAL  $K$ ,  $E(z)$ ,  $R(z)$  BUT DIFFERENT  $\omega(z)$   $\omega$  AND  $\omega + \Delta\omega$

$$C = e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} \right)^2}$$



For 1%  $\frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega} \leq 1.42 \times 10^{-1}$

IF  $R_1 \neq R_2$

$$C = e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\Delta R}{2R} \right)^2}$$