

# Report on E2 Lock Losses

David Chin, Dick Gustafson Keith Riles (University of Michigan) Masahiro Ito (University of Oregon) Bill Butler (Rochester University)

LIGO-G010067-00-Z

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### **Background Information**

- Coarse tidal actuation disabled during E2
  - » Expect periodic lock losses as dynamic range exceeded
  - Rate of lock loss determined by linear combination of common-mode and differential-mode tidal slopes (steep slope -> short locked stretches)
- Pitch compensation reduces effective range (must push harder with upper coils)
- Residual mirror imbalances require DC offsets in coil currents
  - » Asymmetry leads to saturation sooner in one direction



## **Background Information**

• Data taken in recombination configuration (no recycling) and with individual arms

#### • Actuation configuration:

- » L+ -- Equal push on ETMX and ETMY
- » L- -- Opposite push on ETMX and ETMY
- » I- -- Opposite push on ITMX and ITMY (and ETMX/ETMY)

### **Observations**

#### • Lock durations:

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- » Recombination locks lasted typically an hour
- » Qualitative correlation of lock length with slope confirmed
- » But lock lengths shorter when CM tidal slope falling, suggesting asymmetric sensitivity (see figure)

#### • Y arm behavior:

- » Transmitted light thru Y arm drifted linearly with time, suggesting misalignment steadily worsening
- » Optical levers for both pitch and yaw confirmed drift
- » Interpreted as mistuning of pitch compensation and yaw balance
- » ETMY output matrix retuned on 4th day, giving smaller drifts

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### **Observations**

#### • X arm behavior:

- » Transmitted light thru X arm fairly flat during locks (well-tuned output matrix)
- » But rapid, non-linear degradation seen just before lock loss
- » Yaw of ETMX showed modest, linear drift
- » Pitch flatter, but same rapid, pre-loss degradation
- » Two coils on ETMX with large DC offsets
- » Symptoms suggest "premature" saturation in one or more ETMX coils, causing mirror twist, light degradation and loss of servo gain

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#### **Observations**

#### Coil currents

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- » Examined trends of ETMX and ETMY and found anomalous behavior in upper left (UL) coil of ETMX:
  - "Software rails" seen in data acquisition ADC at expected +/-2 Volts for all ETMX, ETMY coils
  - But just before lock-loss, evidence of "hardware rail" seen in ETMX UL (Odd, symmetric, exponential decay of min/max envelope, suggesting internal electronic saturation in UL circuit (see figure)
  - During one such "decay" checked monitor points on ETMX controller (mid station) with portable oscilloscope. Observed severe, asymmetric railing at +2 V on UL, moderate railing on UR, almost none on LL and LR.
  - Railing much reduced once lock lost and reacquired
  - Power spectrum of ETMX UL coil current anomalous

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### **Conclusions on Saturation**

- Necessity of tidal actuation confirmed!
- Premature saturation in UL coil very likely (some coil has to go first, but this behavior seems pathological faulty circuit?)
- Some observations hampered by AC coupling of DAQ to coils (but not relevant to scope readings)
- New improved controller design installed on one mirror at LHO and in pipeline for others



### **Other Work**

- Complete list of lock stretches (>1 minute) can be found on team web site (from Dave Chin's DMT lock transition monitor)
- Masahiro Ito's glitch monitor identified four distant earthquakes (Montana, Tonga, Peru, Japan) correlated with lock losses during E2