



A large, grayscale waveform graphic that starts as a regular sine wave on the left and becomes increasingly compressed and dense towards the right side of the slide, serving as a background for the text.

Event Analysis Proposal

LSC meeting, March 17, 2001

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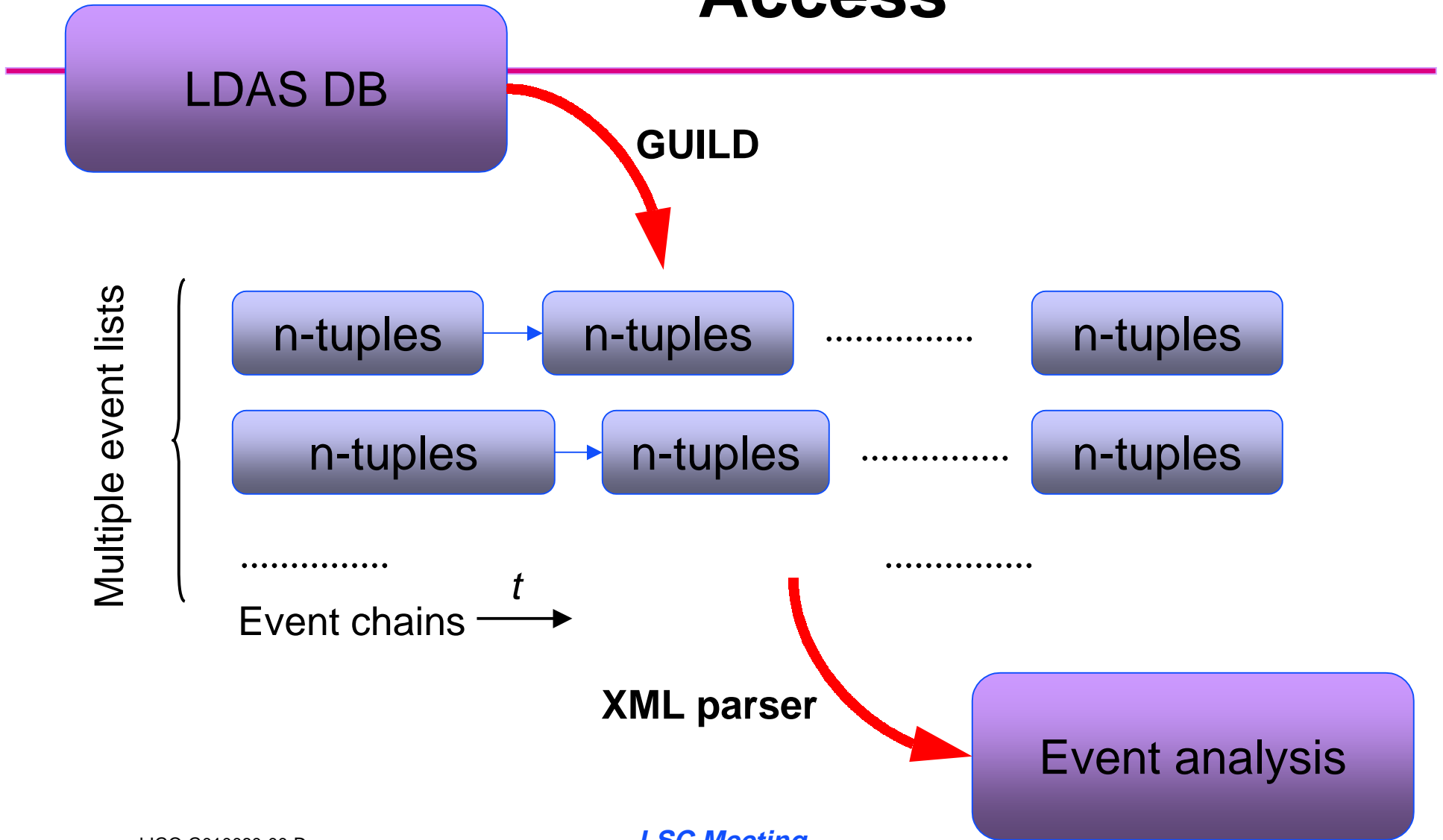


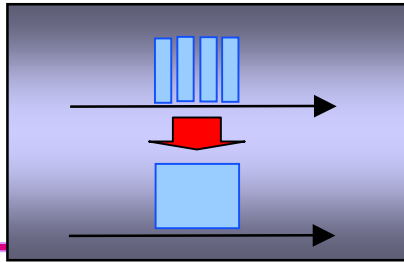
Basic Design Philosophy

- ❑ Events are stored in the Idas database.
- ❑ Events are retrieved from the DB and stored locally as n-tuples (coarse selection).
- ❑ The core event analysis routines are implemented as a C++ library.
- ❑ The ROOT environment is used as the command line and the visualization tool.

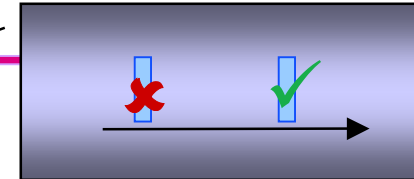


Access

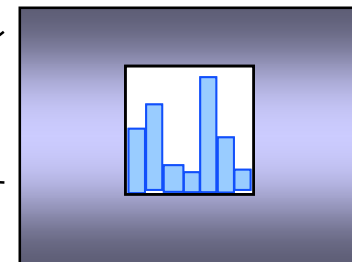
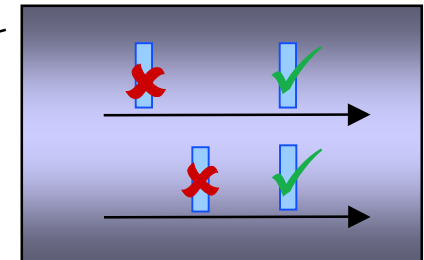




Analysis



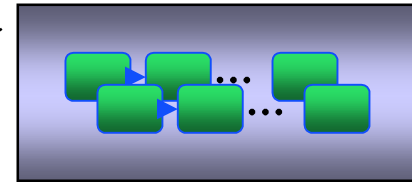
- ❑ Fine selection/rejection of events
 - Selection of event types & cuts on event parameters
 - Adjust parameter values (normalization, calibration, derived quantities)
- ❑ Cluster analysis
 - Time window and multiplicity
 - Remove duplicate (closely space) triggers
 - Reclassification of clusters into a single event or veto
- ❑ Correlation (Trigger logic)
 - True and false (time shifted) coincidences
 - Detector/detector & between different sensors or event types
 - Veto one event type by another
 - Keep track of trigger uptime!
- ❑ Reevaluation of data around an event(?)
- ❑ Histogram generation
- ❑ Simple parallel processing paradigm: split in time



Results

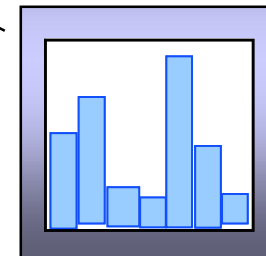
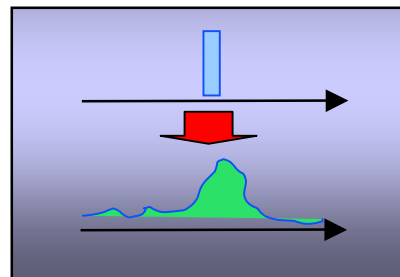
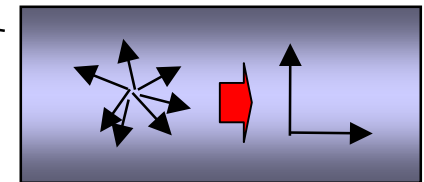
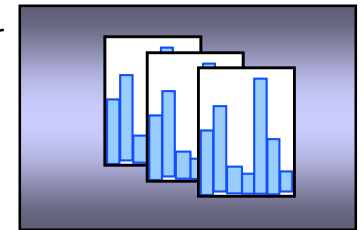
□ Output

- New event lists or event list chains
 - Ability to inject events back into Idas DB
- Histograms or sets of histograms



□ Visualization

- Selection of histogram dimensions (projection)
- One or more dimensional histogram plots
- Event lookup (time traces)



Interface

❑ ROOT command line

- Advantage: command line = programming language
- Works together with DMT infrastructure
 - On-line histograms

❑ Platforms

- Solaris/Sparc
- Linux/Intel
- Windows/Intel(?)
- Others?

