

# Status of Laser Zentrum Hannover Laser Program

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Laser Zentrum Hannover

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LIGO - G030091-00-Z



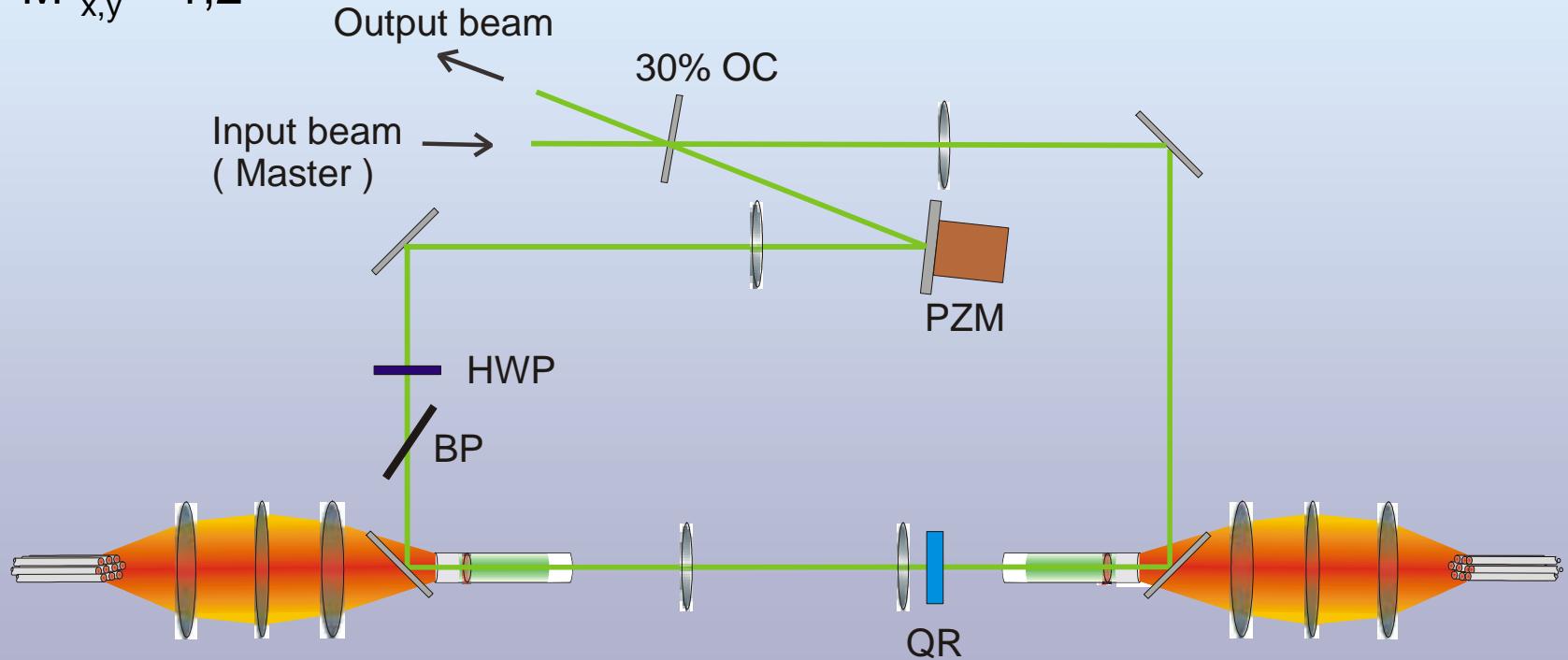
**LASER ZENTRUM HANNOVER E.V.**

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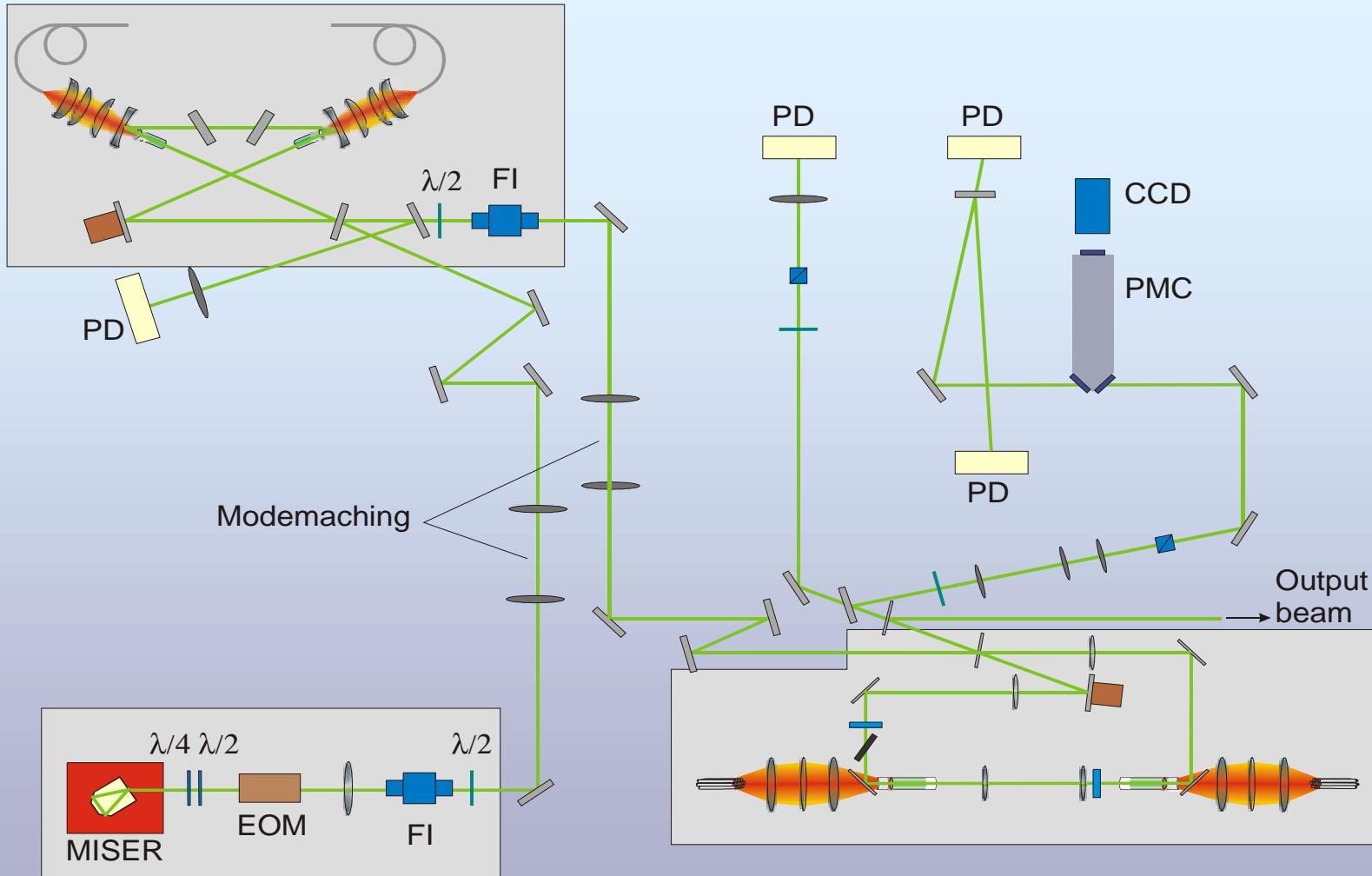
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# High Power Slave

- 87 W output power
- linear polarized
- single transverse mode
- $M^2_{x,y} \sim 1,2$



# High Power Locking Scheme Setup

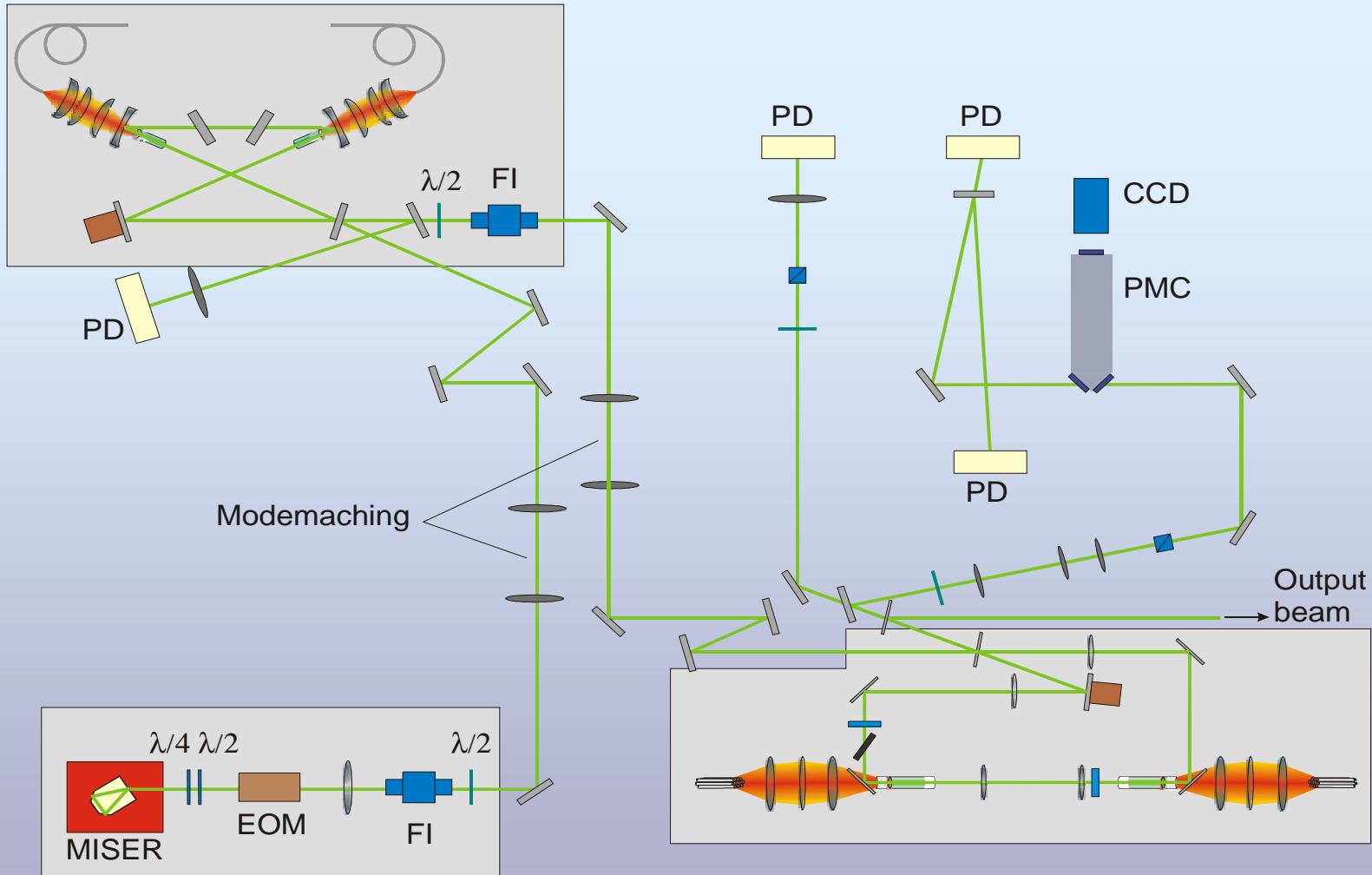


# High Power Locking Scheme Master



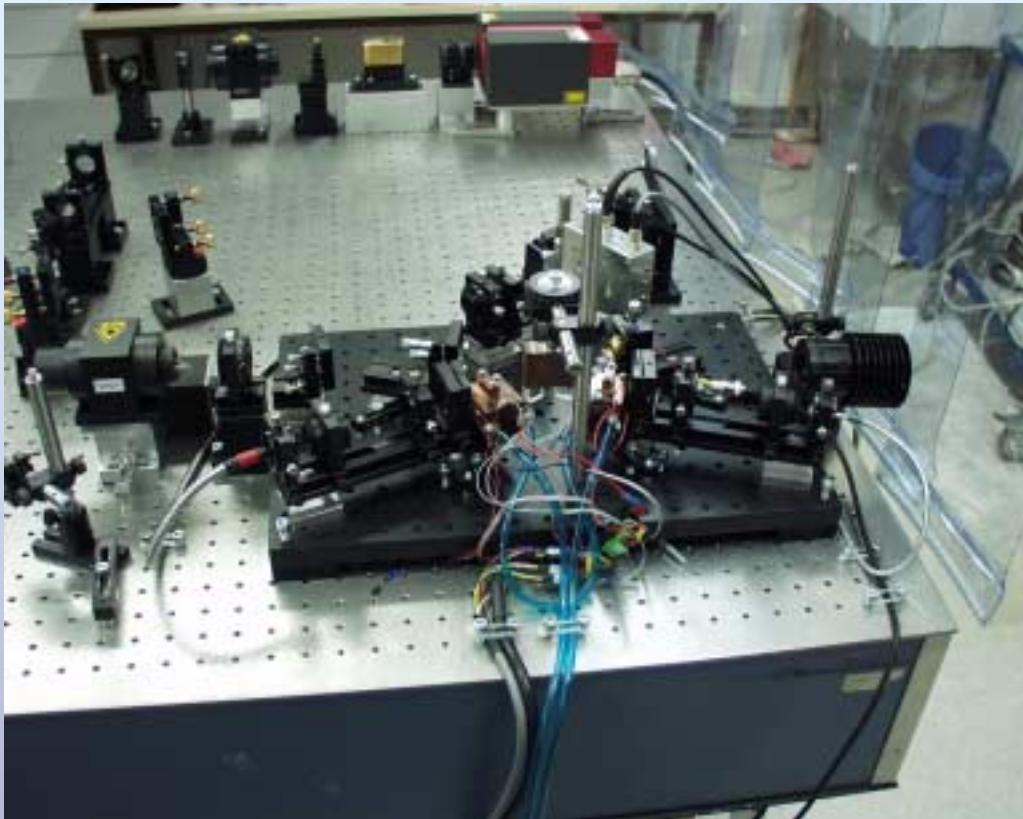
- 2W Miser  
*Mephisto 2000 Innolight*
- EOM: *New Focus*  
@ 29,02 MHz
- Isolator: *Gsänger*

# High Power Locking Scheme Setup



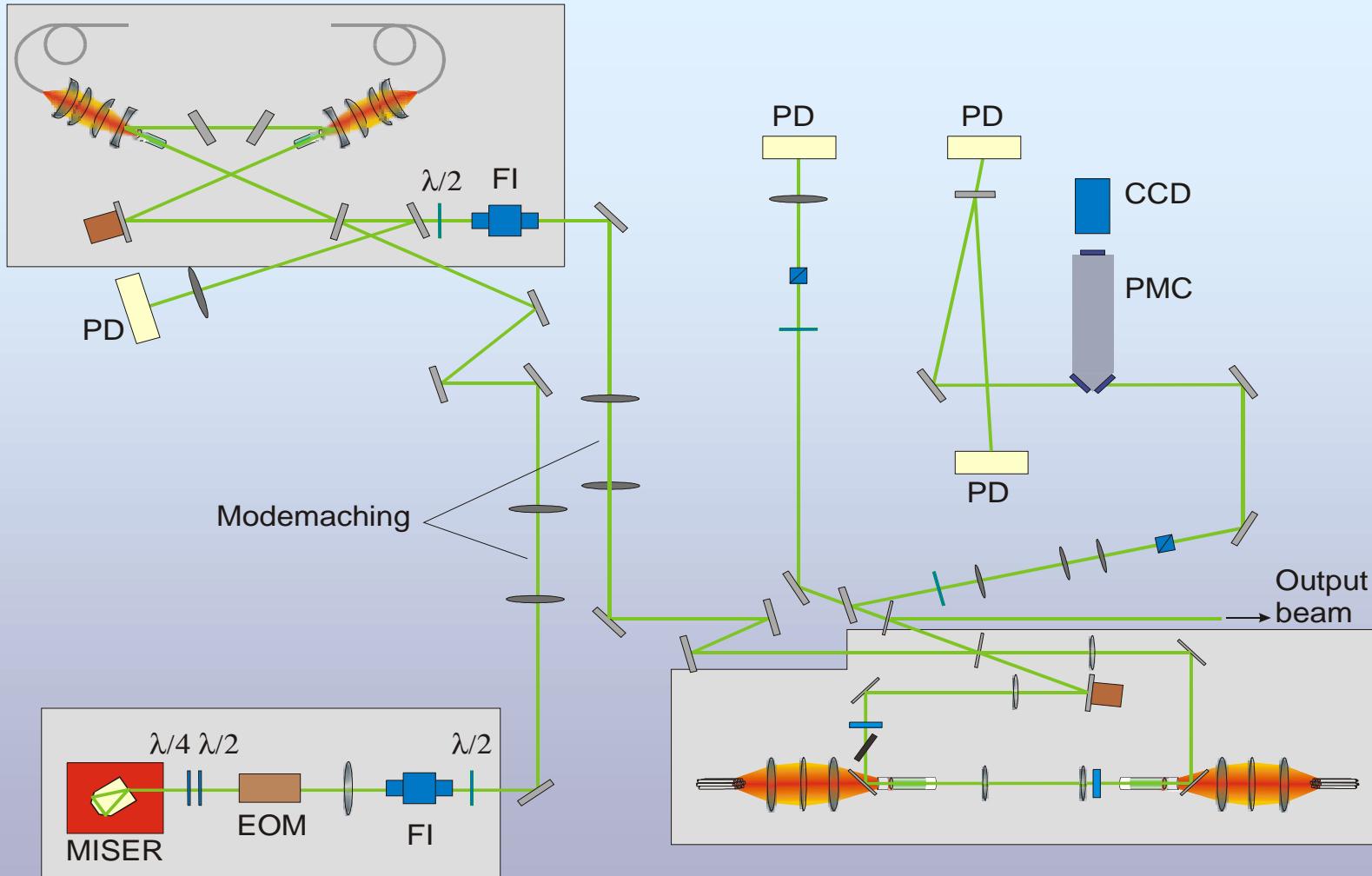
# High Power Locking Scheme

## *Medium Stage*



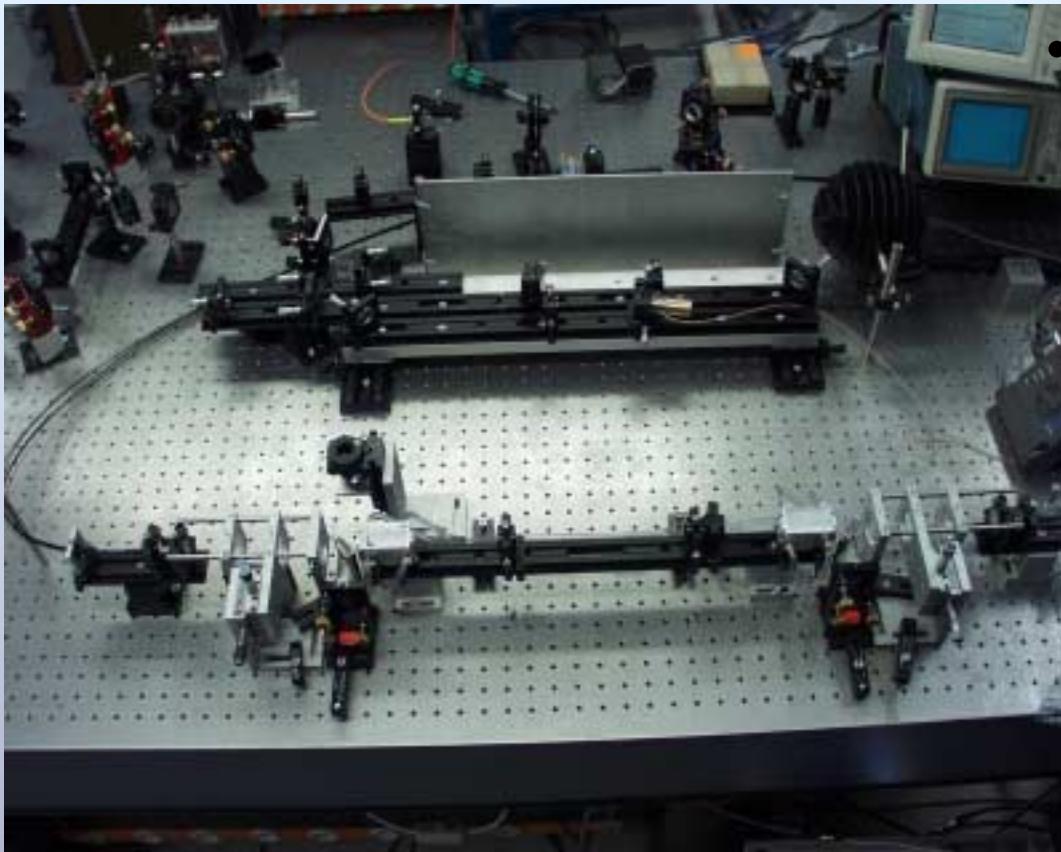
- 12 W med. power stage  
based on GEO 600 laser  
design  
 $\eta_{\text{opt}} \sim 30 \%$
- Isolator: *Gsänger*  
*high power design*

# High Power Locking Scheme Setup



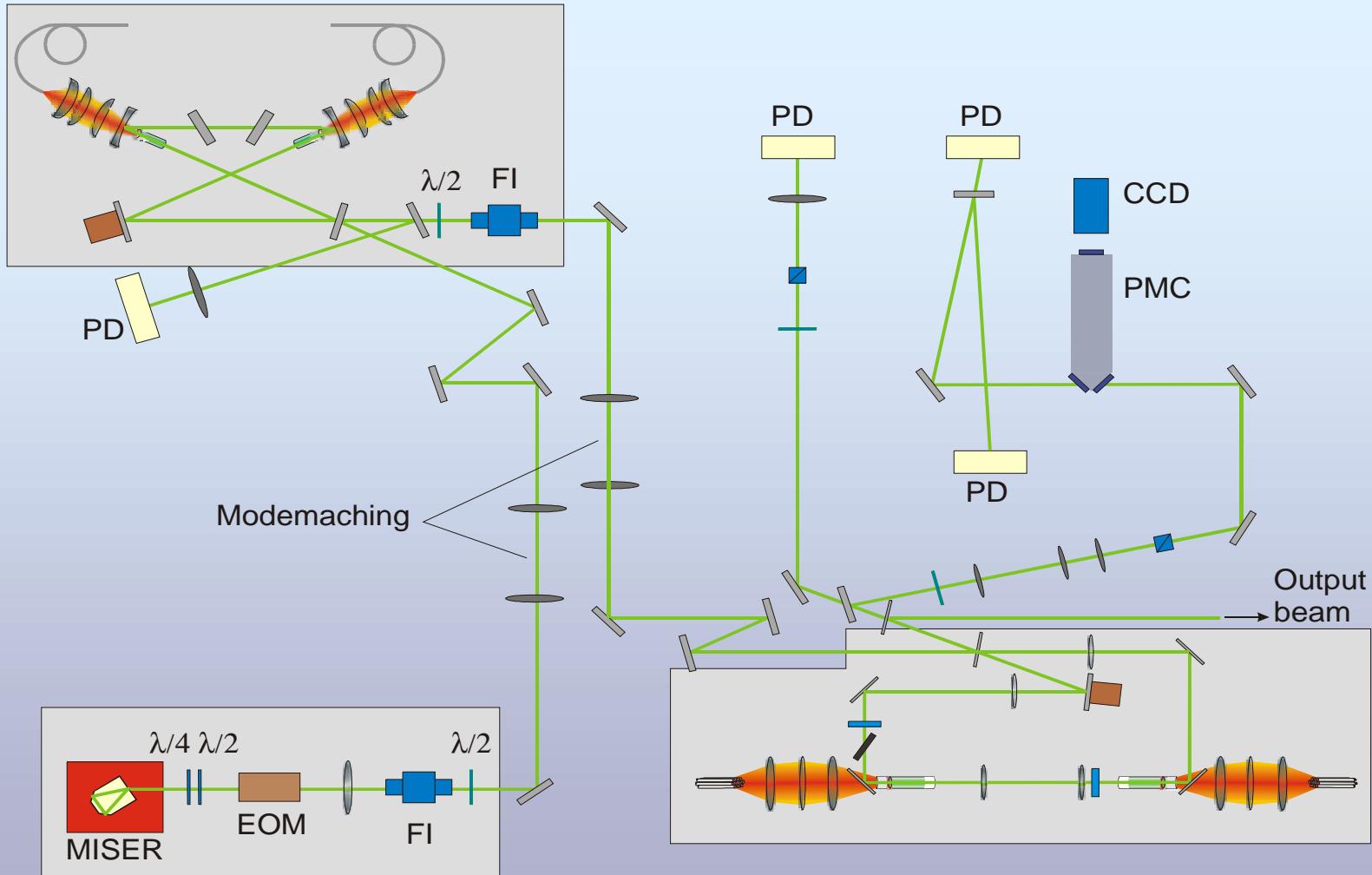
# High Power Locking Scheme

## High Power Slave



- 87 W high power slave  
single transverse mode  
 $M^2 \sim 1,2$   
 $\eta_{\text{opt}} \sim 23 \%$

# High Power Locking Scheme Setup



# Results

First high power injection locked laser system

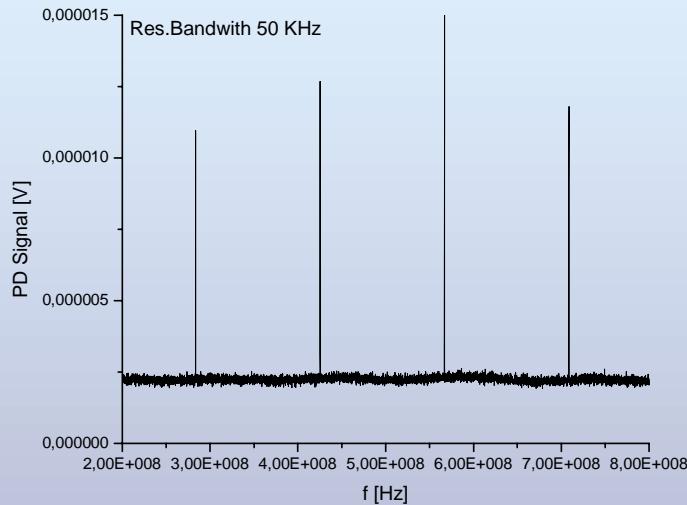
87 W linear polarized, single frequency,  
single transverse mode  
( total power of all systems ~ 101 W )

total optical efficiency 22%

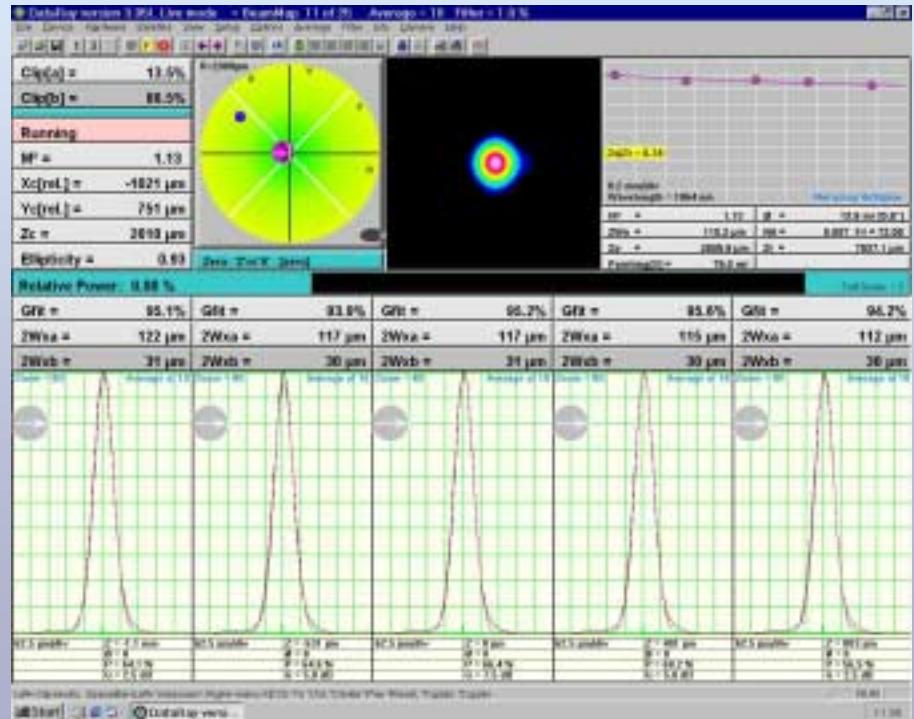
locking direct to 2 W master possible  
single frequency output power ~ 70 W

# Beam Characterization

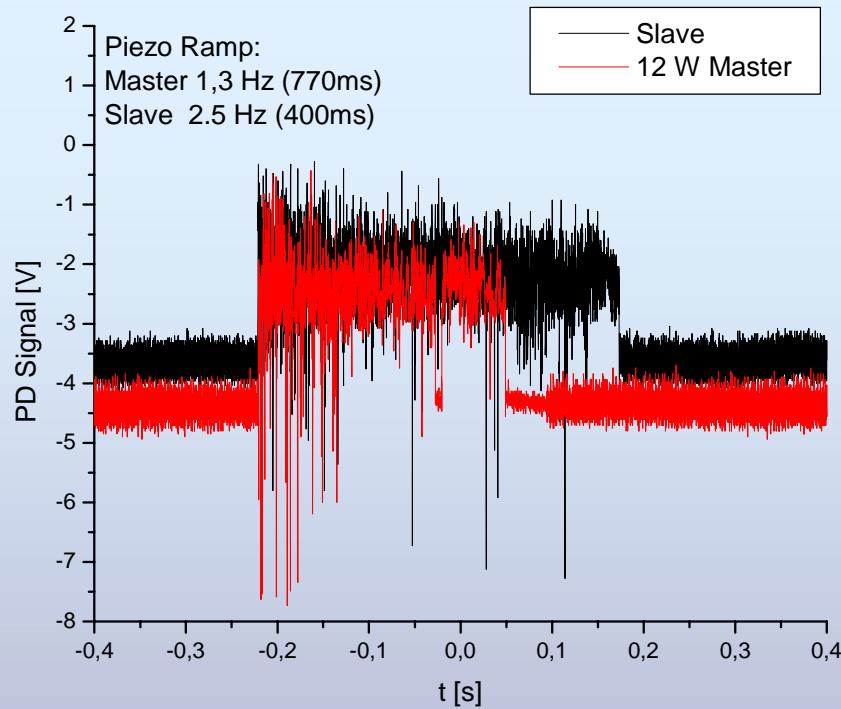
Beat signals of free running slave  
⇒ no higher order modes detect



Beam profile of locked system  
⇒  $M^2 \sim 1.1$ , less elliptical beam



# Relock Time



**relock time < 500 ms**

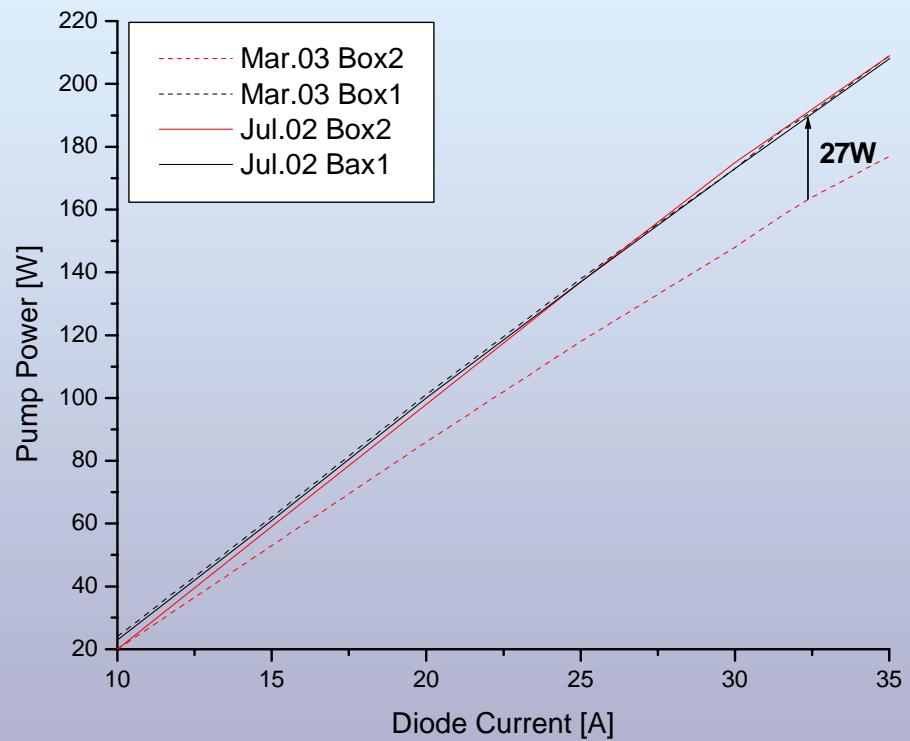
faster relock possible depending on piezo ramp

# Decrease of Pump Power

During measurements slave laser power drops down to 70 W

⇒ pump power difference  
~ 15 % pump power drop  
on one diode box

⇒ higher Birefringence  
⇒ higher beam distortion



# System Optimization

To get full injection locked power following things  
has to be optimized:

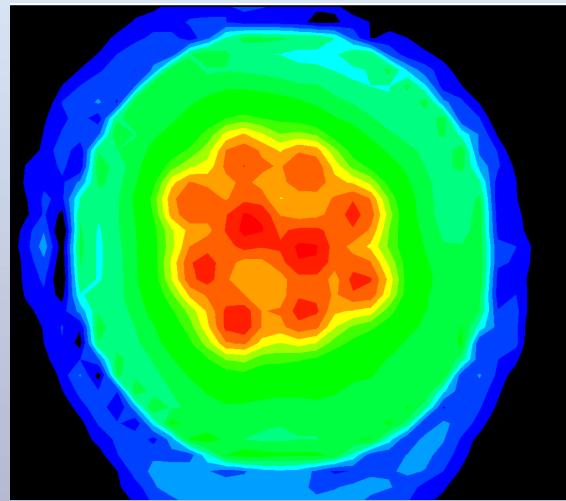
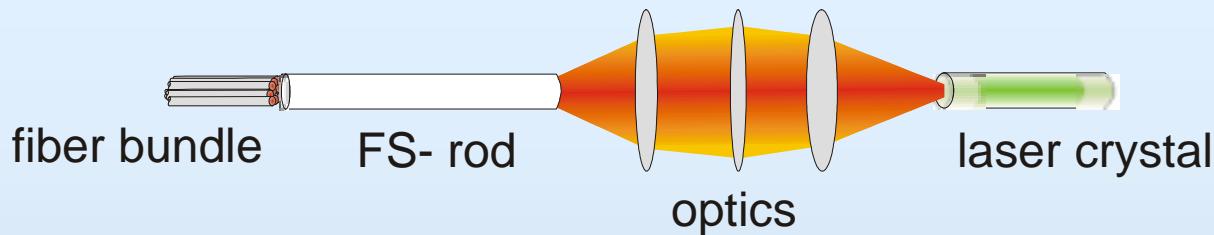
- Modemaching in the high power slave  
( FI with compensated thermal lens )
- Outputcoupler of high power slave
- optimize gain overlap of different Lasers
- implement pumplight optimization

# Pump Light Optimization

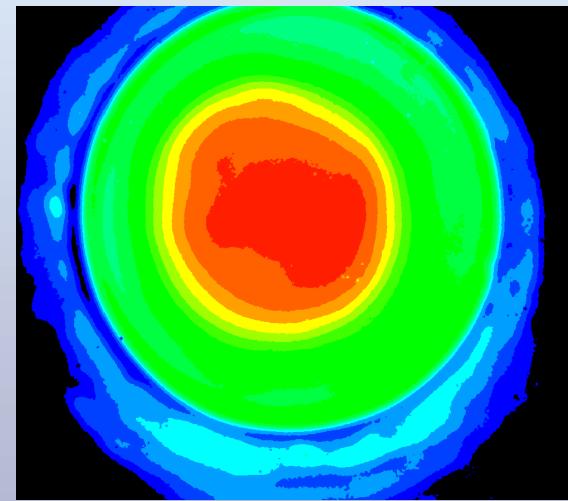
- Implementing diode power readout to control total pump power
- Implementing pump light homogenization
- Construct new pump light and laser crystal basement
- ⇒ fixed,stable and reliable pump light distribution



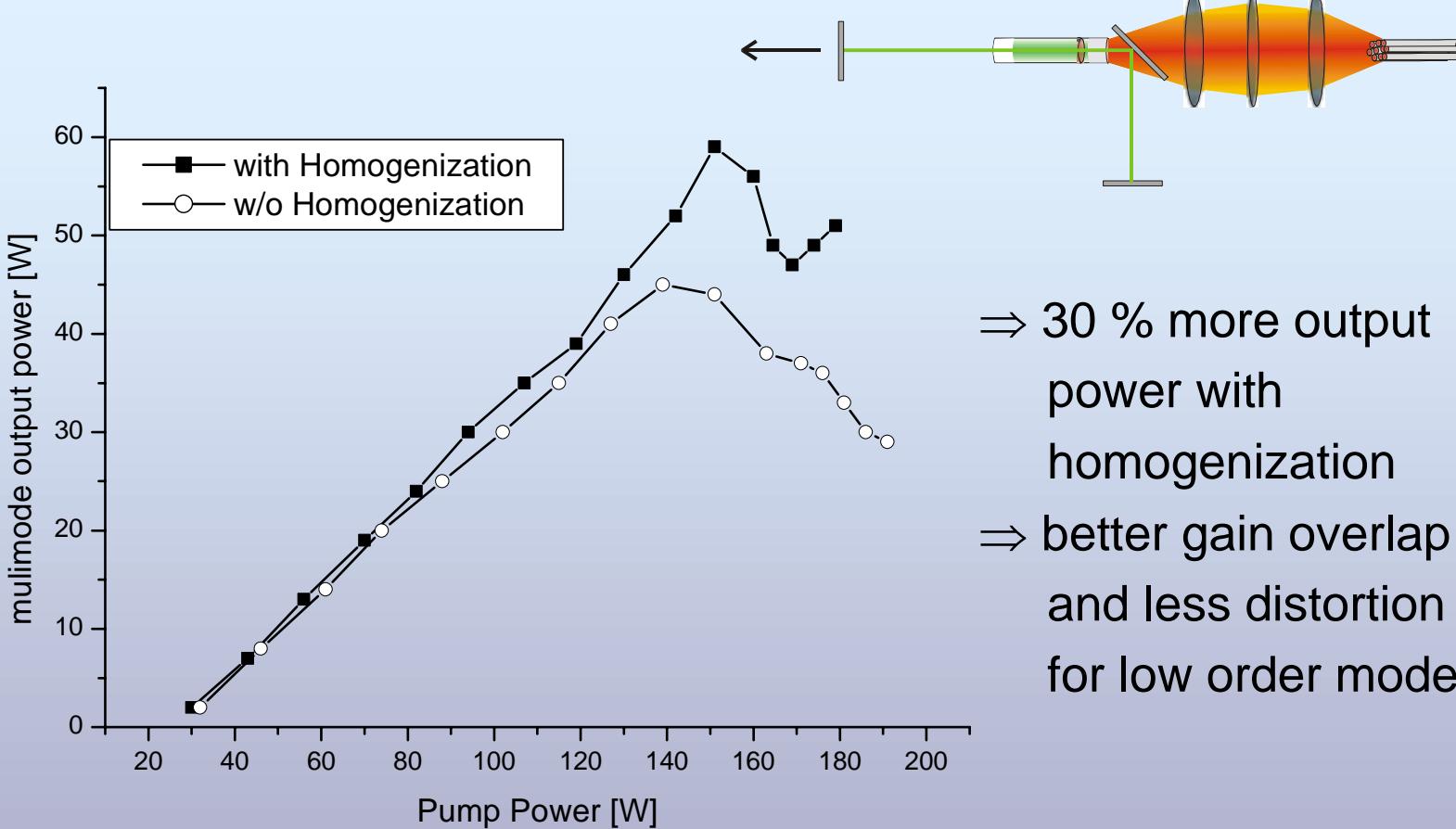
# Pump Light Homogenization



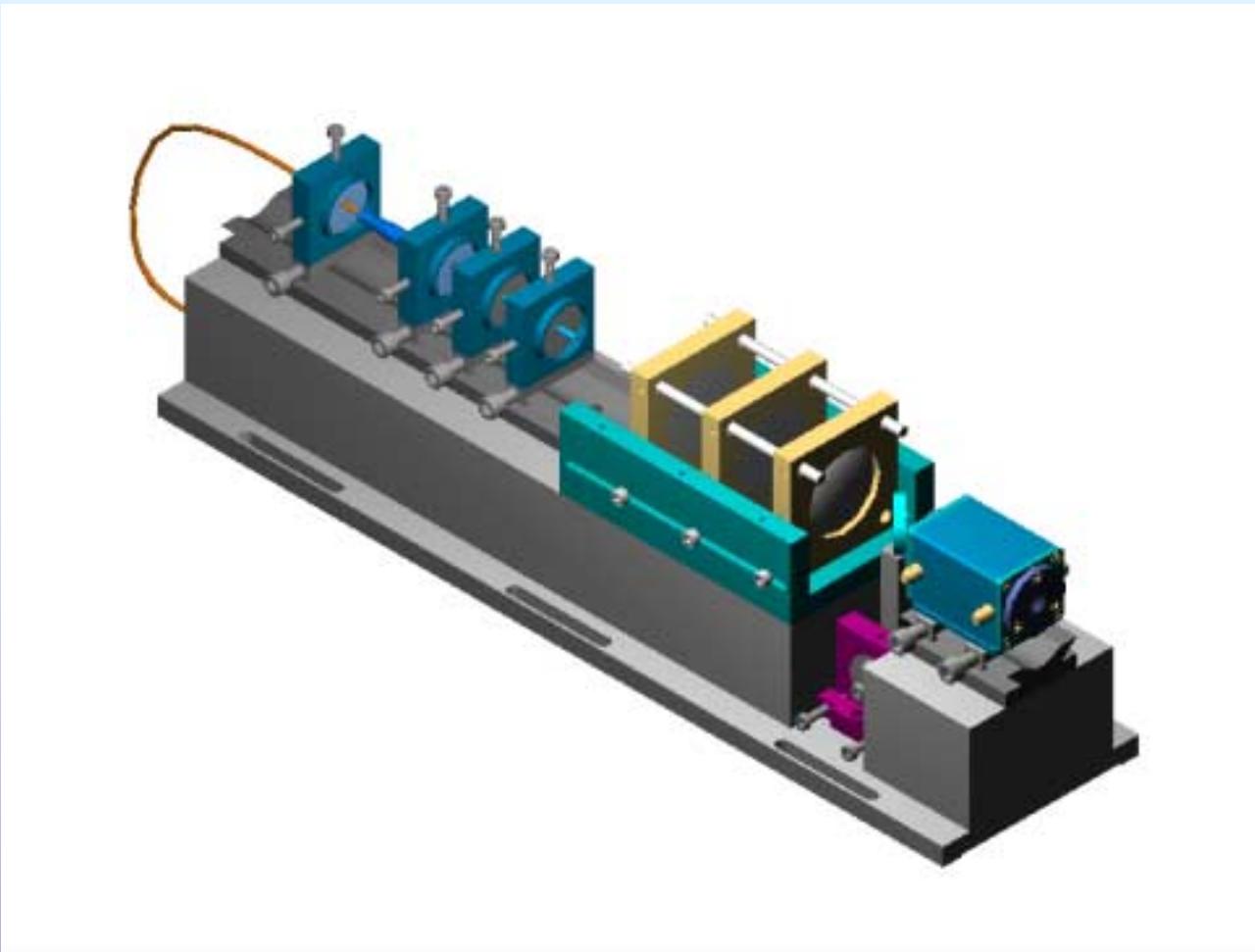
fluorescence w/o  
homogenization



# Pump Light Homogenization



# 1 st Head Design



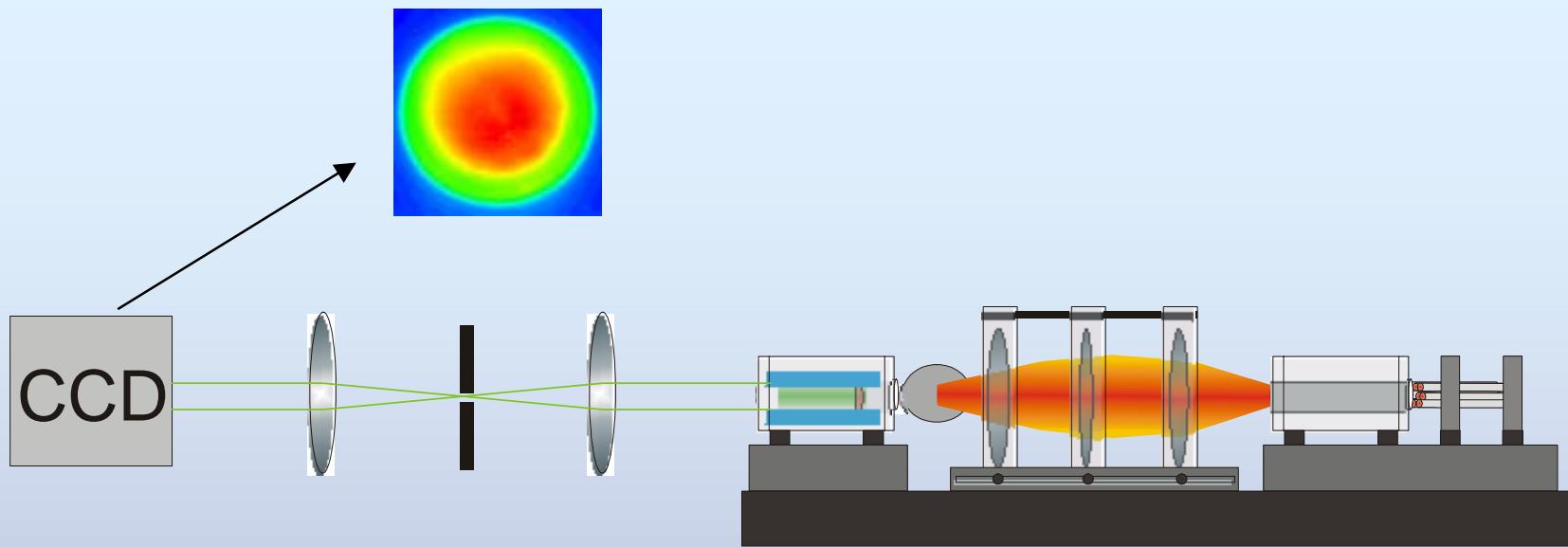
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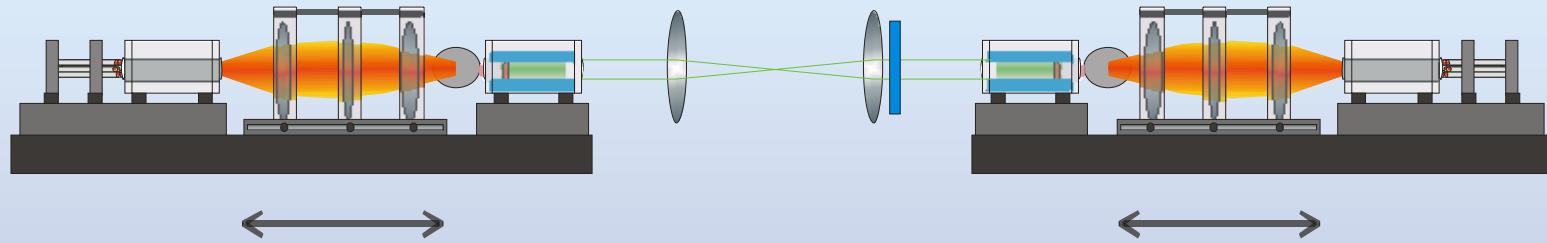
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# Optimization of Pump Light Distribution



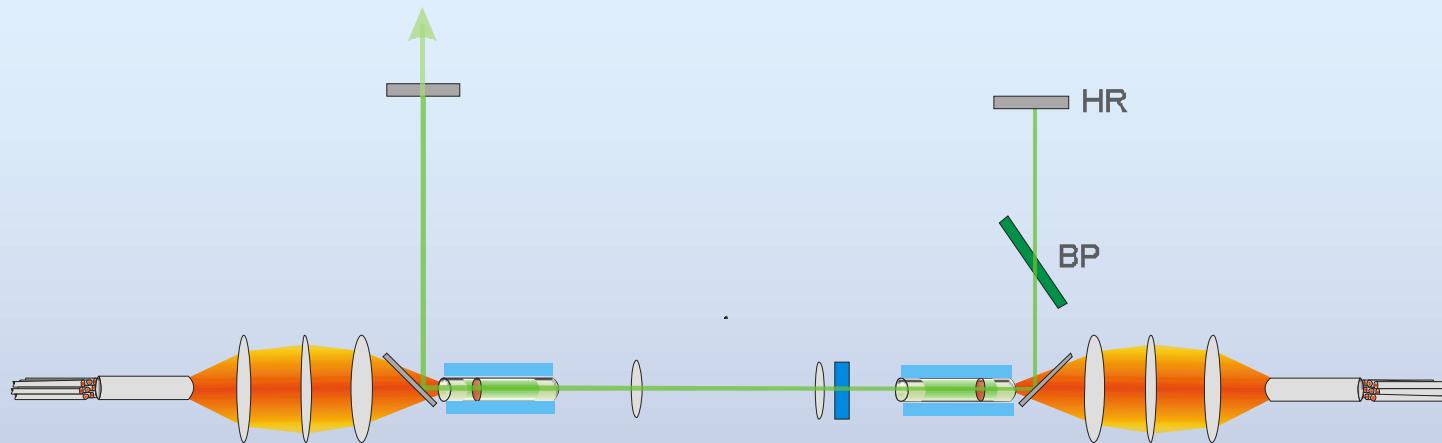
- alignment of homogenous and centered pump light profile
- pump power calibration for PD-readout

# Birefringence compensation



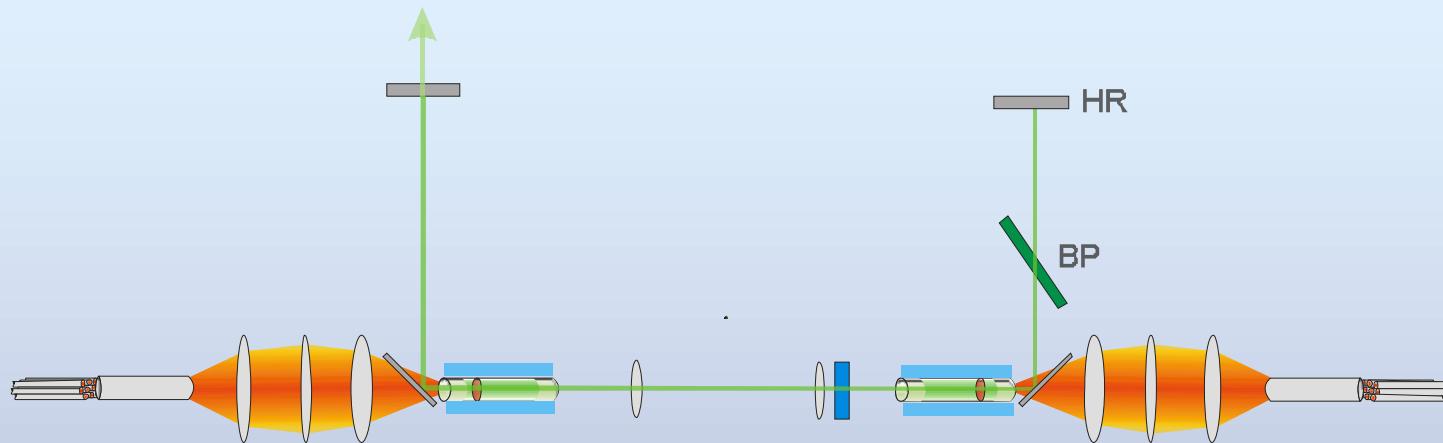
Find working point with less birefringence

# Optimize Resonator



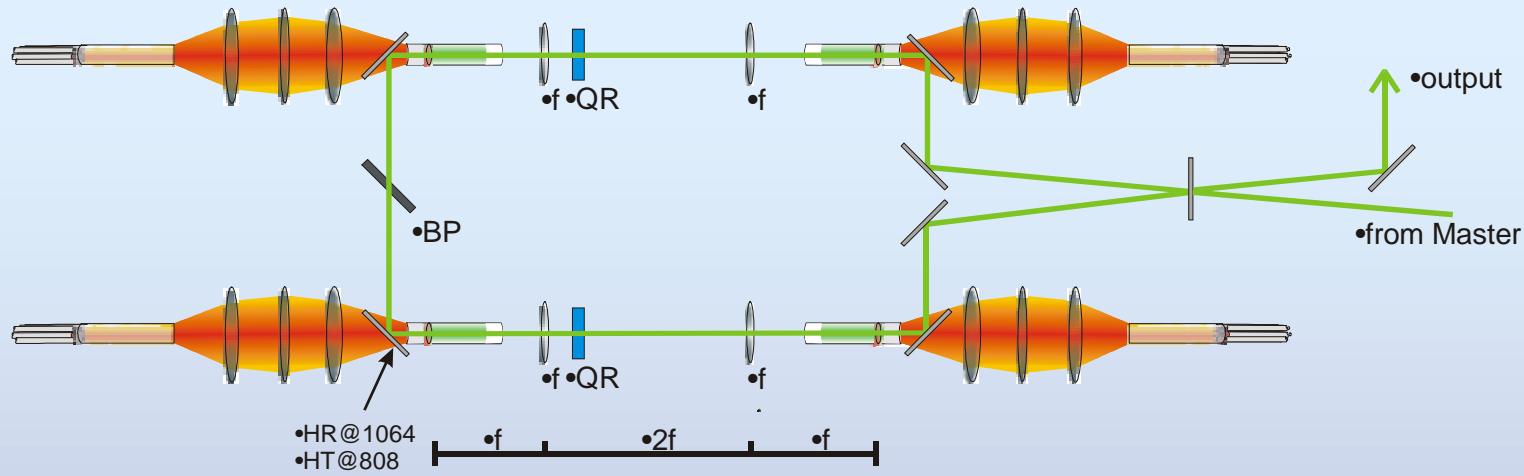
- Test different laser rods 4,5 mm
  - Test different pump spot sizes
- ⇒ find best laser design before doubling the system

# Advanced Ligo Laser 1st. Step



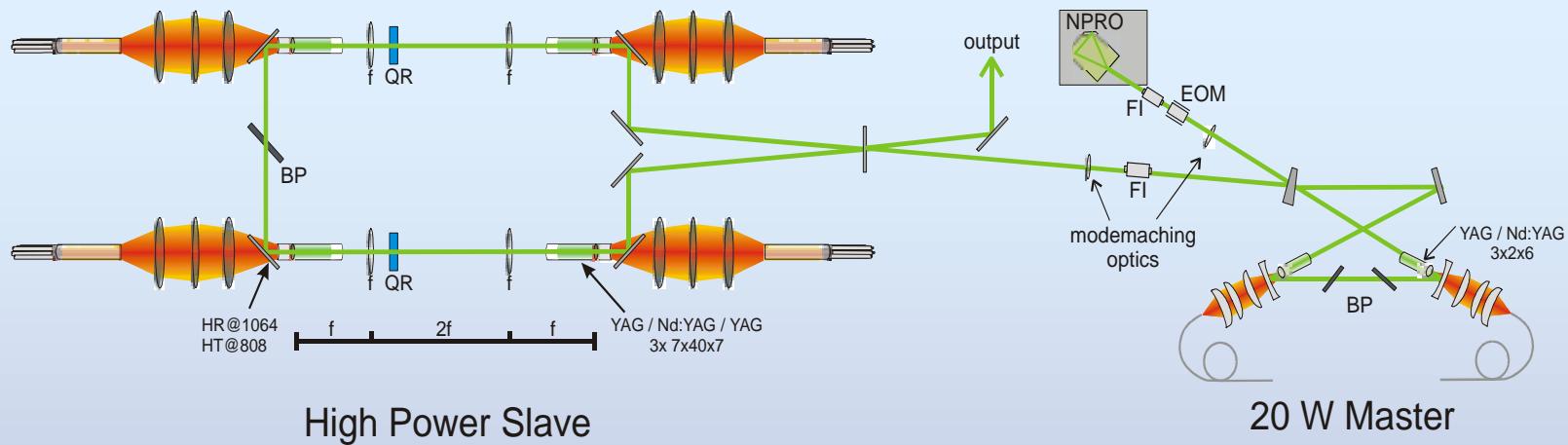
- Optimized laser head with respect to beam quality and output power
- up to now 100 W of output power in single transverse mode are demonstrated

# Advanced Ligo Laser 2st. Step



- Doubling laser heads to double output power !
  - Thermal effects and distortions are well known !
  - Birefringence compensation work !
- ⇒ no indication against power scalability

# Advanced LIGO Laser Design



- Injection locking on a 20 W Master  
⇒ above 200 W single frequency output power !

# Outlook / Summary

- 87 W single frequency operation demonstrated
- after some optimization above 100 W possible
- Stable locking and fast relock was shown
- 1 st. Laser head design was done to get stable and reliable system for advanced LIGO
- concept and plan to scale to 200 W is prepared

