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# LASER INTERFEROMETER GRAVITATIONAL WAVE OBSERVATORY

**-LIGO-**

**CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

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<b>8 Channel Valve Driver Test Plan</b>		
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## 1 Introduction

The tests described below are required to verify the correct operation of the 8 Channel Valve Driver board (schematic # D020373 Rev v5, PCB # D020373v2).

## 2 Test Equipment

Network Analyzer

Power supplies

Multimeter

Valve Driver tester board

25-pin Dsub Breakout Board

## 3 Tests

### 3.1 Input Power

Plug a power cord turned to +/- 18V onto the back panel power plug labeled "18V DC IN", turn on the power, and record the current draw in the table below. The two LEDs on the front panel should come on.

Supply	Nominal Current	Actual	Pass/Fail
+18 V	0.070 A +/- 10mA		
-18 V	0.070 A +/- 10mA		

### 3.2 Continuity check

Each channel's output is delivered through two wires on the output connector. Using an Ohmmeter, confirm that the DB9 pins shown below are, indeed, connected. They should be a dead short (~ 0.2Ohms)

Channel	Pins on DB9	Connected? Y/N	Pins on DB9	Connected? Y/N
1	J1 Pins 1 and 2		J1 pins 6 and 7	
2	J1 Pins 3 and 4		J1 pins 8 and 9	
3	J2 Pins 1 and 2		J3 pins 6 and 7	
4	J2 Pins 3 and 4		J3 pins 8 and 9	
5	J3 Pins 1 and 2		J4 pins 6 and 7	
6	J3 Pins 3 and 4		J4 pins 8 and 9	
7	J4 Pins 1 and 2		J6 pins 6 and 7	
8	J4 Pins 3 and 4		J6 pins 8 and 9	

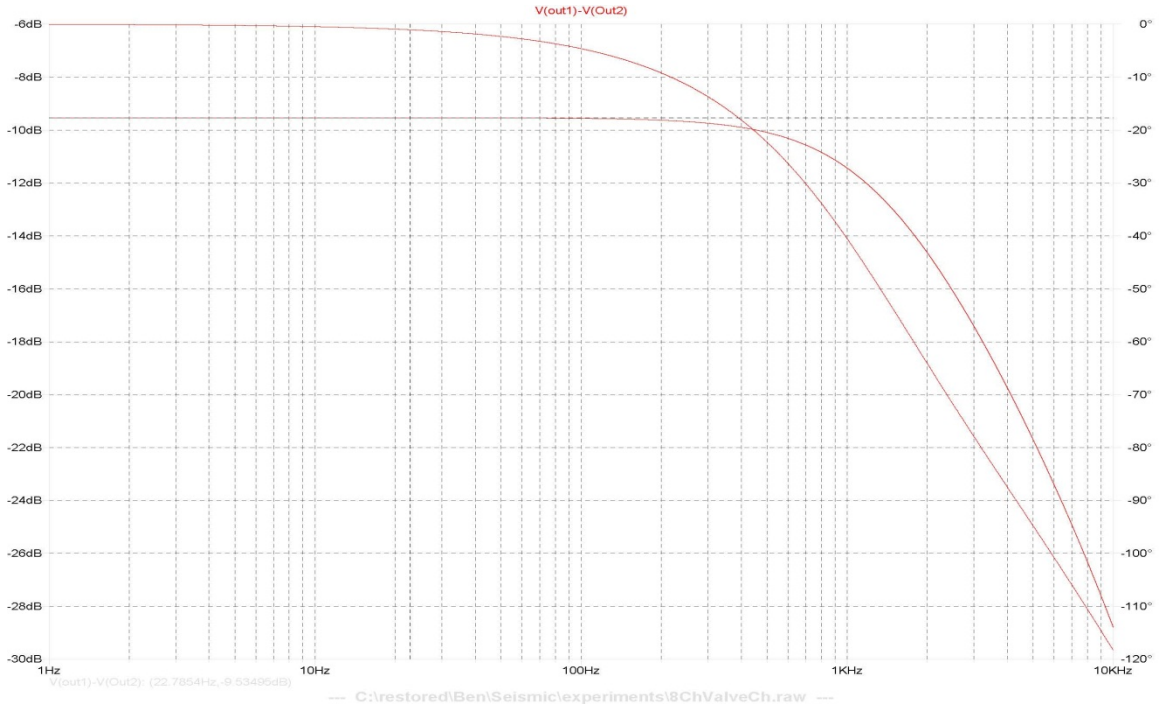
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### 3.3 Valve Drive Tests

Plug a valve driver tester board into the appropriate 9-pin Dsub connector on the front panel (this is just a 9-pin breakout board with two 80 Ohm resistors, one connected between pins 1 and 6 and the other connected between pins 3 and 8), and a 25-pin adapter board into the “From AI Chassis” 25-pin Dsub on the back panel. Set up a network analyzer to perform a 1Vp-p swept sine measurement from 1Hz to 100KHz. In order to pass the test, the signal should have a low-frequency gain of -9.6dB (+/- 0.5 dB), and a -3dB cutoff frequency of 1.3KHz (+/- 100Hz). It should look like the plot below. Collect the appropriate measurement values, and fill in the next table.



Channel	Input Pins on DB25 (+ / -)	Output pins on DB9 (+ / -)	Gain at 10Hz? (dB)	Frequency of -3dB point (Hz)
<b>1</b>	J5 Pins 1 / 14	J1 pins 1 / 6		
<b>2</b>	J5 Pins 2 / 15	J1 pins 3 / 8		
<b>3</b>	J5 Pins 3 / 16	J3 pins 1 / 6		
<b>4</b>	J5 Pins 4 / 17	J3 pins 3 / 8		
<b>5</b>	J5 Pins 5 / 18	J4 pins 1 / 6		
<b>6</b>	J5 Pins 6 / 19	J4 pins 3 / 8		
<b>7</b>	J5 Pins 7 / 20	J6 pins 1 / 6		
<b>8</b>	J5 Pins 8 / 21	J6 pins 3 / 8		

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### 3.3.1 Dynamic Range Measurement

Input a DC level of 10V into the channels above, and verify that the current going through the 80Ohm load is 41mA +/- 3mA), by measuring the voltage drop across the load, and dividing it by the resistance.

Channel	Input Pins on DB25 (+ / -)	Output pins on DB9 (+ / -)	Voltage drop across load ( $V_L$ )	Current ( $V_L / 80\text{Ohms}$ )
<b>1</b>	J5 Pins 1 / 14	J1 pins 1 / 6		
<b>2</b>	J5 Pins 2 / 15	J1 pins 3 / 8		
<b>3</b>	J5 Pins 3 / 16	J3 pins 1 / 6		
<b>4</b>	J5 Pins 4 / 17	J3 pins 3 / 8		
<b>5</b>	J5 Pins 5 / 18	J4 pins 1 / 6		
<b>6</b>	J5 Pins 6 / 19	J4 pins 3 / 8		
<b>7</b>	J5 Pins 7 / 20	J6 pins 1 / 6		
<b>8</b>	J5 Pins 8 / 21	J6 pins 3 / 8		