

# Simultaneous inference of CBC and noise parameters via on-source PSD modeling

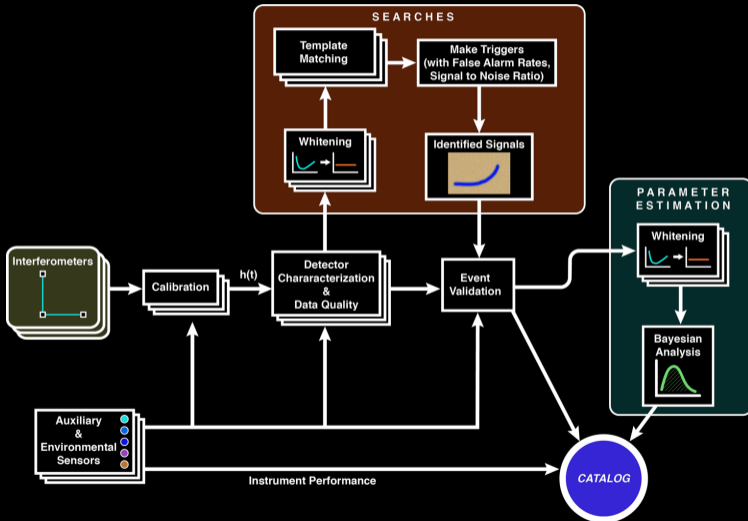
Sangeet Paul

Institute for Fundamental Science  
University of Oregon  
sangeetp@uoregon.edu  
with Ben Farr

June 28, 2023

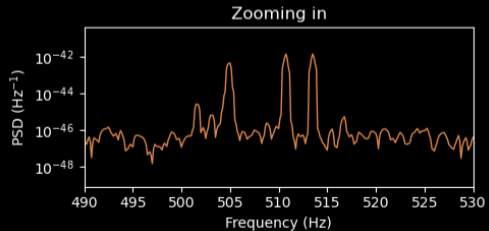
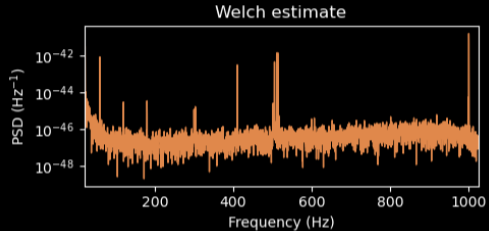


# Data Processing



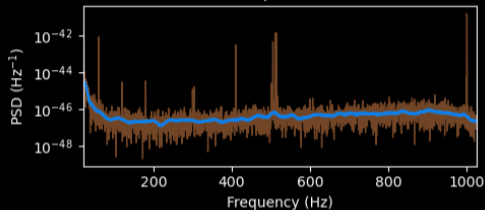
# Power Spectral Density

- Noise = Broadband + Narrowband.
- Broadband:  
Seismic, Thermal, Quantum Photon Shot, etc.
- Narrowband:  
AC power supply, Calibration lines, Vibrational modes of suspension system, etc.

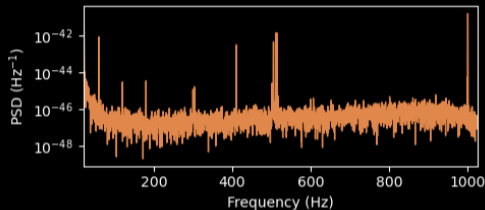


# PSD

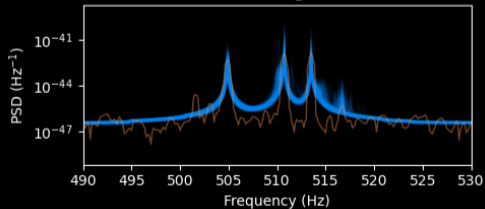
Spline



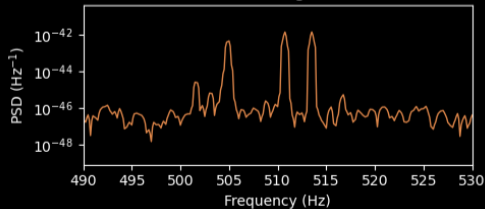
Welch estimate



Zooming in

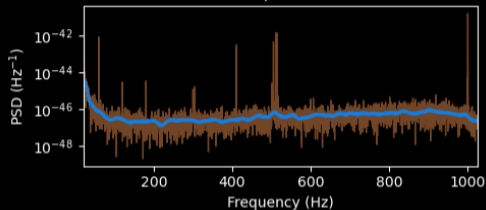


Zooming in

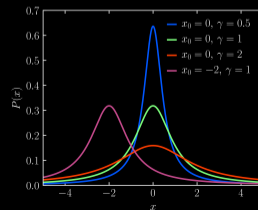
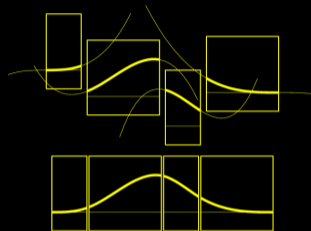
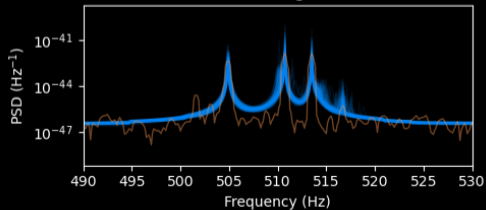


# PSD Model

Spline



Zooming in



# Parametric PSD Model

- Noise per detector:

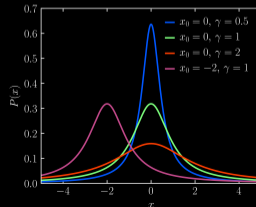
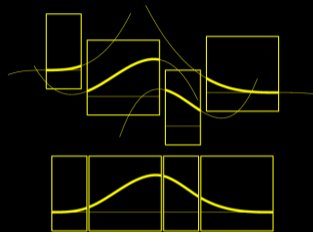
$$S_n(f; \vec{\theta}_n) = S_S(f; \vec{\theta}_S) + S_L(f; \vec{\theta}_L)$$

- Broadband: cubic B-splines

$$S_S(f) = a(f) + m(f) \sum_i^{n_{\text{knots}}} c_i B_{i,k}(f; \vec{t})$$

- Narrowband: Lorentzians (approx.)

$$S_L(f) = \sum_{\ell}^{n_{\text{Lor}}} w_{\ell}(f) \frac{a_{\ell} f_{\ell}^4}{(f_{\ell} f)^2 + q_{\ell}^2 (f_{\ell}^2 - f^2)^2}$$



GWANW

Sangeet Paul

Data

PSD

Model

Inference

PSD post.

CBC post.

Future

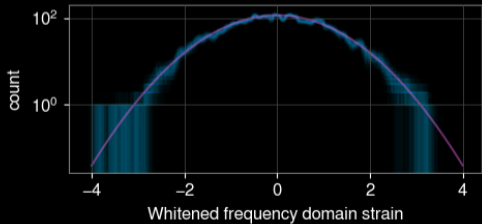
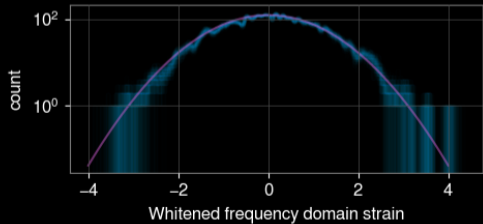
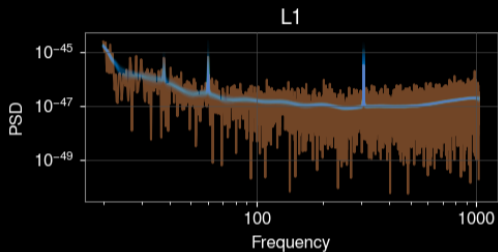
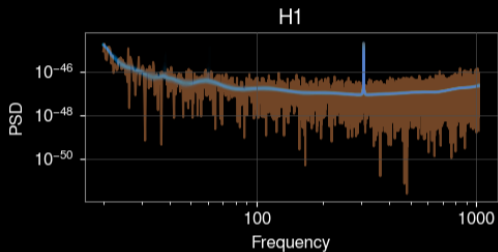
- Single-detector likelihood:

$$p(d|\theta_h, \theta_n) = \prod_i^{N_f} \frac{2}{\pi T S_n(f_i; \theta_n)} \exp \left[ -\frac{2|\tilde{d}(f_i) - \tilde{h}(f_i; \theta_h)|^2}{T S_n(f_i; \theta_n)} \right]$$

$$\log p(d|\theta_h, \theta_n) = -\frac{2}{T} \sum_i^{N_f} \frac{\langle \tilde{d}|\tilde{d} \rangle - 2\langle \tilde{d}|\tilde{h} \rangle + \langle \tilde{h}|\tilde{h} \rangle}{S_n} - \sum_i^{N_f} \log S_n + N_f \log \frac{2}{\pi T}$$

- extended bilby
- Number of dimensions:  $15 + n_{\text{IFO}} \times (2n_{\text{knots}} + 2 + 3n_{\text{Lorentzians}})$

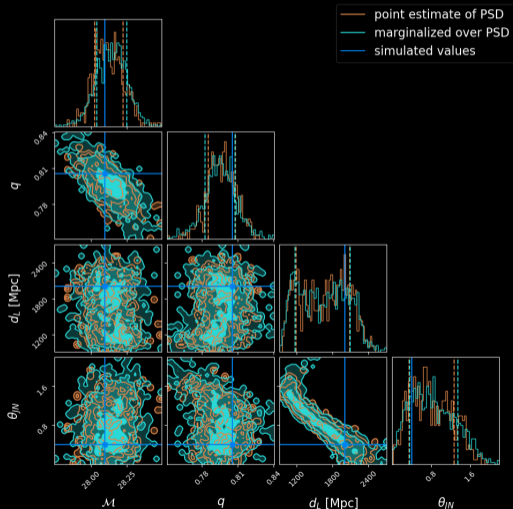
# PSD posteriors





# CBC posteriors

- Chirp mass:  
 $\Delta\mu = 0.08\%$   
 $\Delta\sigma = 4.76\%$
- Mass ratio:  
 $\Delta\mu = -0.10\%$   
 $\Delta\sigma = 14.66\%$
- Luminosity distance:  
 $\Delta\mu = -1.42\%$   
 $\Delta\sigma = 2.02\%$
- Inclination:  
 $\Delta\mu = 4.63\%$   
 $\Delta\sigma = 8.96\%$



# Future

- Seamless integration into `bilby`
- Revisiting past catalogs
- Testing on O4 detection candidates
- Time-dependent 2d PSD  $S_n(f, t)$

Thank You